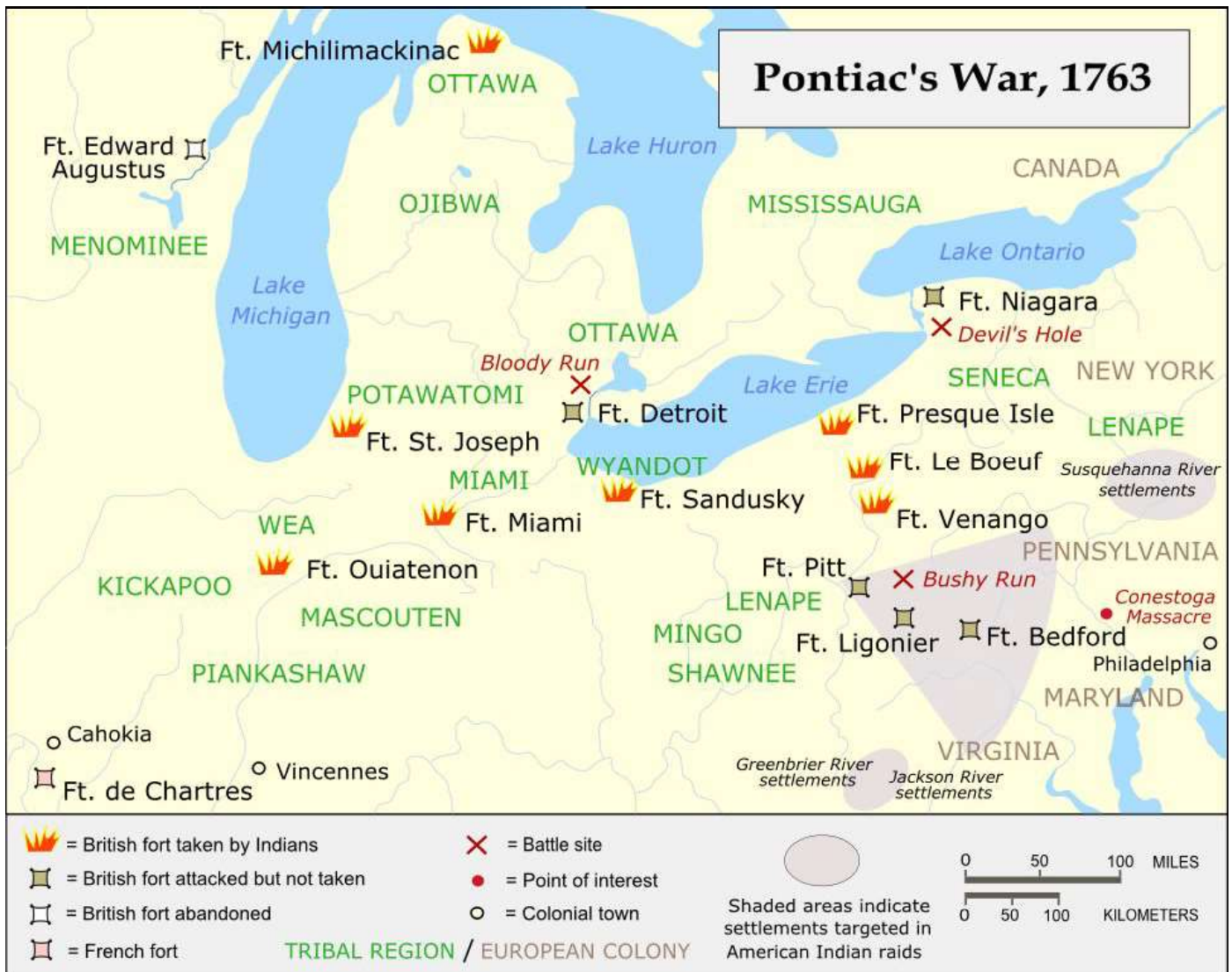


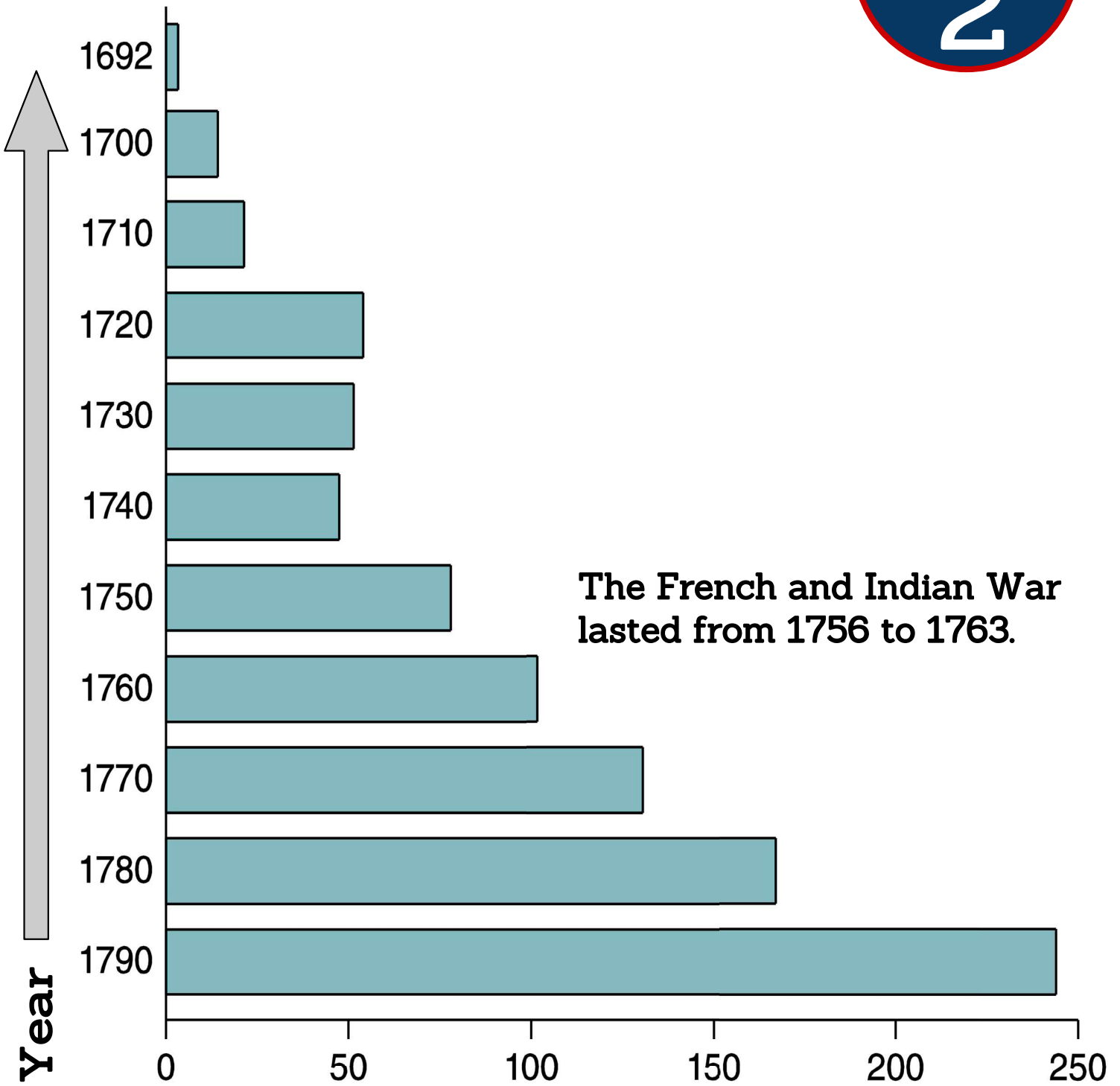
# Pontiac, Ottawa Chief - Speech



“It is important for us my brothers that we exterminate from our land this nation which only seeks to kill us.... When I go to the English chief to tell him that some of our comrades are dead...he makes fun of me and you. When I ask him for something for our sick, he refuses, and tells me he has no need of us. You can well see by that that he seeks our ruin.... There is no more time to lose, and when the English shall be defeated... we shall cut off the passage so that they cannot come back to our country.”



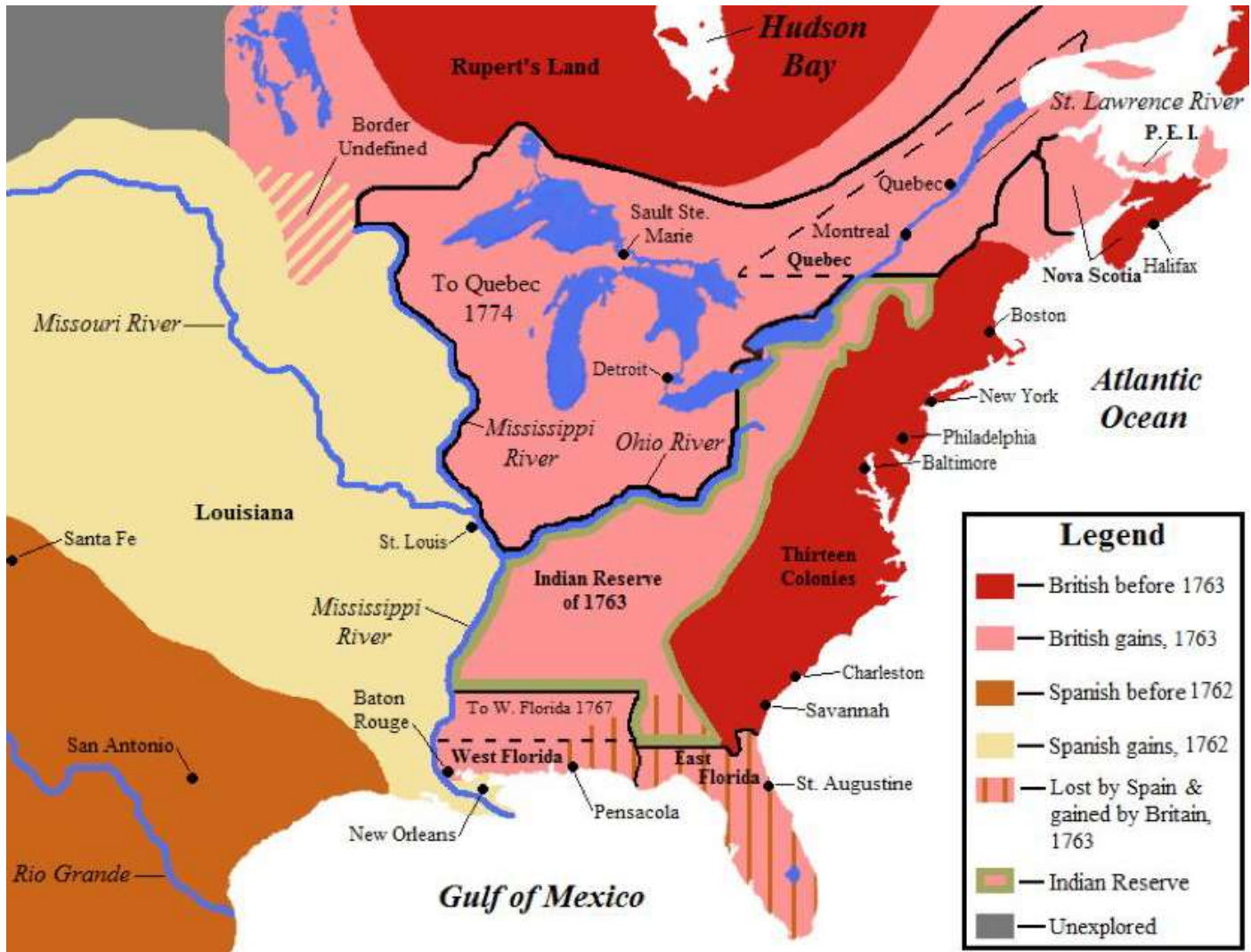
# Chart showing the growth of Britain's National Debt



The French and Indian War lasted from 1756 to 1763.

Amount of debt owed by the British government (each number represents \_\_\_\_ million)

# Map of British and Spanish Territory after the French and Indian War



## The Proclamation Line of 1763 - Issued by King George III of Great Britain

"We do... enjoy and require that no private Person (any British colonist) may presume to make any Purchase from the said Indians of any Lands reserved to the said Indians..."

*In other words - British colonists cannot move on to Indian land west of the Appalachian mountains.*

## Testimony of Ben Franklin before the British Parliament, 1766.



Q. What was the attitude of America toward Great Britain before the year 1763?

A. The best in the world. They submitted willingly to the government of the Crown, and paid, in their courts, obedience to acts of Parliament... They had not only a respect but an affection for Great Britain; for its laws, its customs, and manners, and even a fondness for its fashions... Natives of Britain were always treated with particular regard; to be an Old England-man was of itself a character of some respect, and gave a kind of rank among us.

Q. And what is their attitude now?

A. Oh, very much altered!

Q. And have they not still the same respect for Parliament?

A. No; it is greatly lessened.

Q. To what causes is that owing?

A. For many of causes: the restrictions lately laid on their trade, by which the bringing of foreign gold and silver into the Colonies was prevented; the prevention of making paper money among themselves, and then demanding a new and heavy tax by stamps; taking away, at the same time, trials by juries, and refusing to receive and hear their humble petitions.



## Testimony from a Smuggler

“Another Captain bragged, that he had avoided the law, by writing two different lists of his cargo included on his ship, one of which contained the contraband goods he had on board, and in the other list, those goods were left out.

He then went to the customhouse and stuck the true list in the sleeve of that hand which he was to hold up in swearing, and delivered the false list to the Officer, and swore the list to be a true one, meaning the list that was in his sleeve.”

- Testimony from a smuggler - 1763

**Contraband** - Goods that have been imported or exported illegally.